



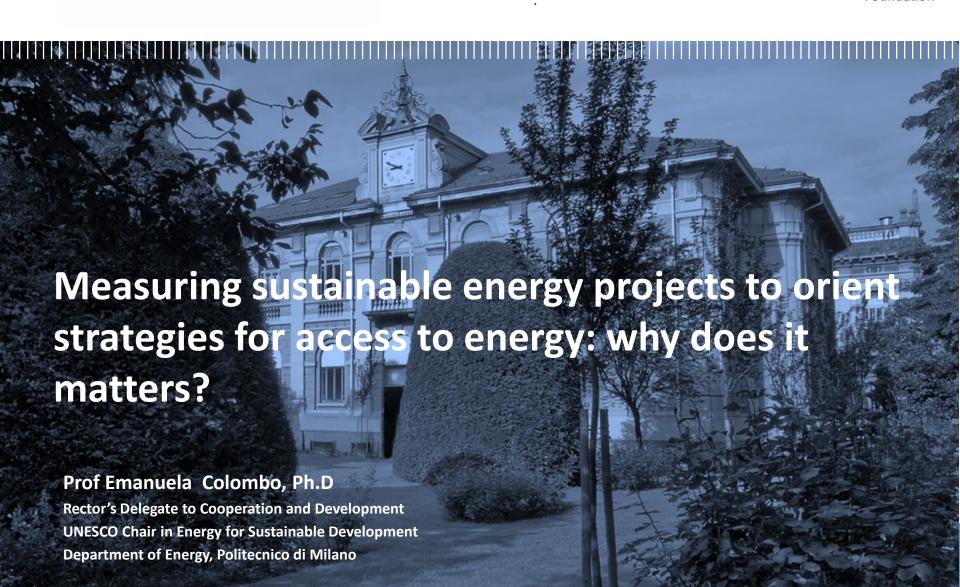
United Nations .

Educational, Scientific and









Multiple interconnections among energy, environment and society

Interlinkages on

- Socio-Economic Development
- Quality of life for the people
- Global Security (raw materials, food, water)
- Environmental protection



GOAL 7

COP21 & COP22

SE4ALL









Energy

Services

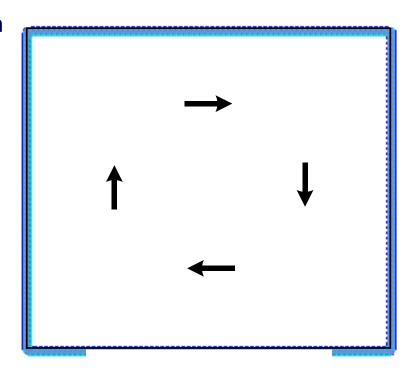
Development

Concern about over-exploitation of resources

Human and economic activity goes along with the capacity of using natural resources

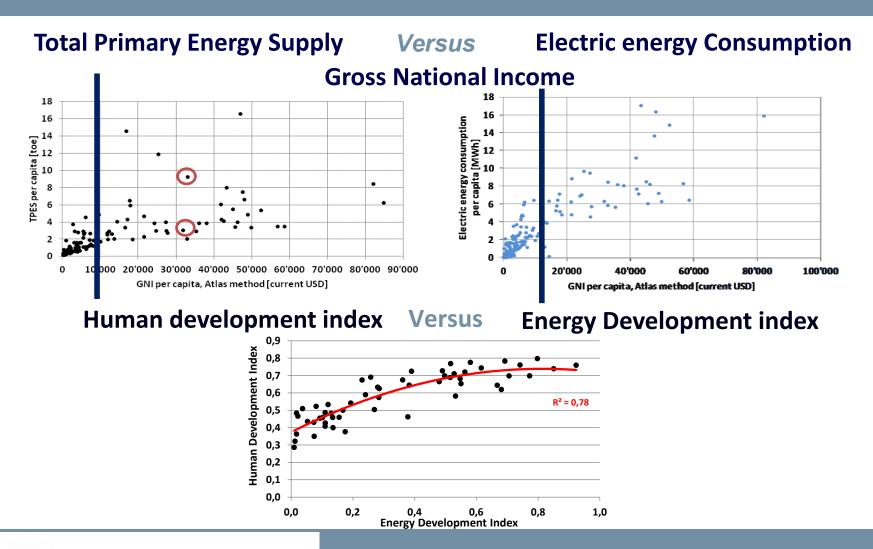
The concern about **overexploitation of natural resources** has come to be **global**:

- are limited
- their misuse affects the environment
- The non-equitable distribution affects international security



Exploitation Extraction Distribution Use Disposal

Energy, Economics and beyond



Energy and Rights

Some Philosophical achievements

- Energy does not determine human dignity.
- With zero/poor access, fundamental rights may not be guarantee









Energy Access beyond a binary metrics

QUANTITY access to energy

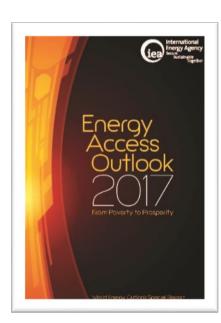
QUALITY affordable, reliable, safe & clean...

Low income countries

- 1.1 billions No access to electricity
- 2.5 billions use traditional biomass

Middle Income Country

1 billion, no reliable access



High Income Country

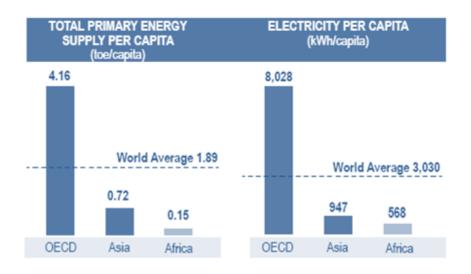
50-75 millions in EU affected by "fuel poverty"

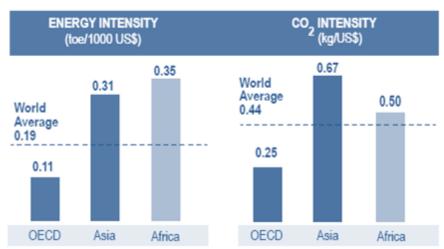
Energy access in Africa

Lack of Energy access

690 millions people no electricity

780 millions no clean cooking





Access ~50%

Electricity use ~1/5 world av.

Intensities >2 times OECD

~ 150 GW uneven share

Underinvestment is still an issue

Energy access in Africa

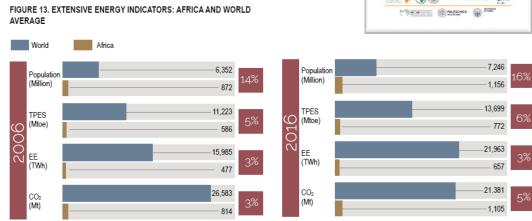
Toward Smart and Integrated Infrastructure for Africa, ICA Background Paper 2017

AND INTEGRATED INTERPRETATION OF A PRINCIPLE OF A P

Lack of Energy access

LAST TEN YEARS: Africa Energy
System could **not keep pace** with
population growth

LOOKING FORWARD: Africa is expected to become more energy demanding due to its growing population and economy





Lack of access to other services

Further 'leapfrogging' opportunities may be enabled by inter-sectorial synergies among energy, transport and ICT

Energy access in Africa

The Energy Paradox

- 16% of population => 6% TPES, 3% EE, 5% CO2
- **30%** of global **O&G discoveries** and top potential for REs

Few Energy

- **Technical losses** in the power sector are **twice** the average
- Sales lost for SMEs are huge (5-15 % of the total sales)

Not Reliable

- **Electricity tariffs** are among the highest in the world
- No domestic market: 2/3 investment are for export

Not affordable

- 67% population rely on biomass (fuelwood/ charcoal)
- 40% rise in bioenergy => forestry stocks + health

Not clean nor safe

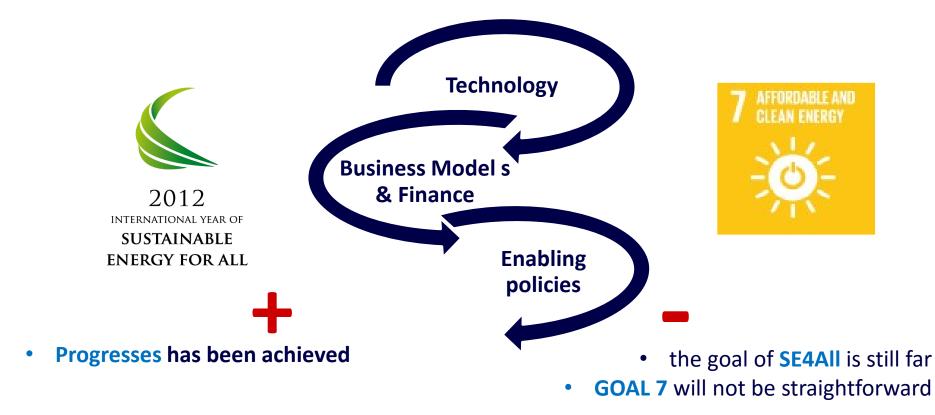
0,6-0,8 billion still affected by poor energy access in 2040

Not improving fast!

What is missing?

From the Energy Paradox into the Energy Power for Africa

Energy Debate for Africa



What is missing? Measuring Impact

Measuring the impact of our Actions

Learning from the past

"Whoever wishes to foresee the future must consult the past." Niccolò Macchiavelli







Evaluation metric to address the complexity and interconnections of current energy challenges

Accountability

Assess project performance

Strategic Planning

To guide future interventions

Performance and Impact Assessment Framework

Measuring the impact of our Actions

Learning from the past

Accountability

Assess project performance

Strategic Planning

To guide future interventions

Metrics for IMPACT has to take into account

- (i) The induced change on the community
- (ii) The relation between effects & costs or needs

TAKING PROFIT FROM ...

- LFM, Livelihood approach, Results Chain
 - DAC-OECD 5 Criteria

Common tools exist

MITIGATING ...

Lack of harmonization

few structured and quantitative assessments

Performance and Impact Assessment Framework

Measuring impact beyond energy access project!

Accountability Measuring the process's performance Activities Outputs Inputs **Outcomes Impact Strategic Planning...measuring the change** PERFORMANCE IMPACT EVALUATION FRAMEWORK **STRATEGIC ACCOUNTING PLANNING Process** Change in the **Performance** community

ACCOUNTING: measuring process performance

MODEL BASED APPROACH FLOWS OF INPUT Materials Energy • Other goods & services Externalities RESOURCE CONSUMPTION Overall estimation of resources consumption waste production INTENSIVE INDEXES Efficiency Effectiveness Relevance Sustainability

Needs

Local Assessment

Resources

Quantitative models from Energy System Analysis

- Exergy Based Accounting methods
- Life Cycle Approach
- Macroeconomic Input/output

... to calculate multidimensional reference metrics

Effects

- Energy produced
- Income or Value added
- Employment creation

Costs

- Monetary input
- Embodied energy, Virtual Water
- Carbon Footprints....

Process performance is accounted

• Intensive measure of **DAC-OECD criteria**Efficiency, Effectiveness, Relevance ,Sustainability

STRATEGIC PLANNING: measuring impact on community

EVALUATION HIERARCHY

Induced change on community capitals

Based on the Sustainable Livelihood Framework

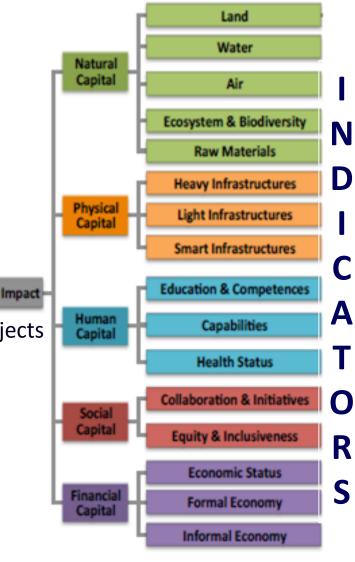
- Capitals are recognized
 - Natural
 - Physical
 - Human
 - Social
 - Financial
- Dimensions within capitals are identified 4 energy projects

Indicators definition

- Project based
- Scientific Literature
- Standards from Grey literature

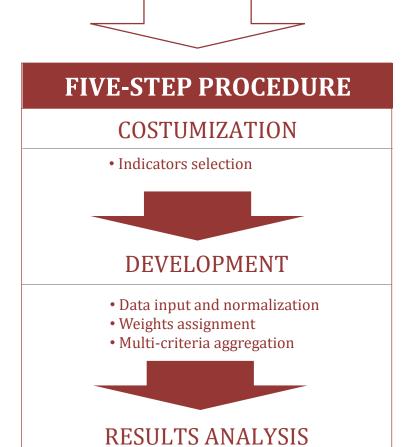
Field-Base Survey (community perspective)

Indicators measure



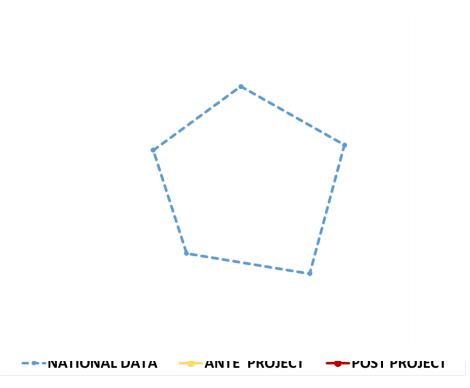
STRATEGIC PLANNING: measuring the impact on community

EVALUATION HIERARCHY



• Impact

Evaluation of change in the community Ex-Ante/Ex-Post



 Possibility to compare project results with national averages to assess improvements

Performance and Impact Assessment Framework

Feedback from framework application

Lessons learnt

When applied to large number of projects it may allow comparisons

Offering a set of information either Ex-Ante or Ex-Post to different stakeholders

Policy Makers

Local, national, regional

⇒ Feedback for local development strategies

Investors

Private, public

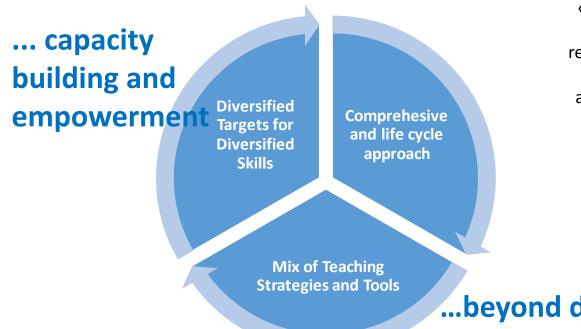
=> Feedback on investment complement bankability indexes

Science Community

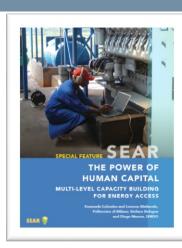
Research Center, Academia

=> Feedback on effective strategies and research direction

Universal access requires «PEOPLE» at the center of the design



«Appropriate energy solutions...must respond to the needs, capacities, and aspirations of people and be absorbed within the local culture..."



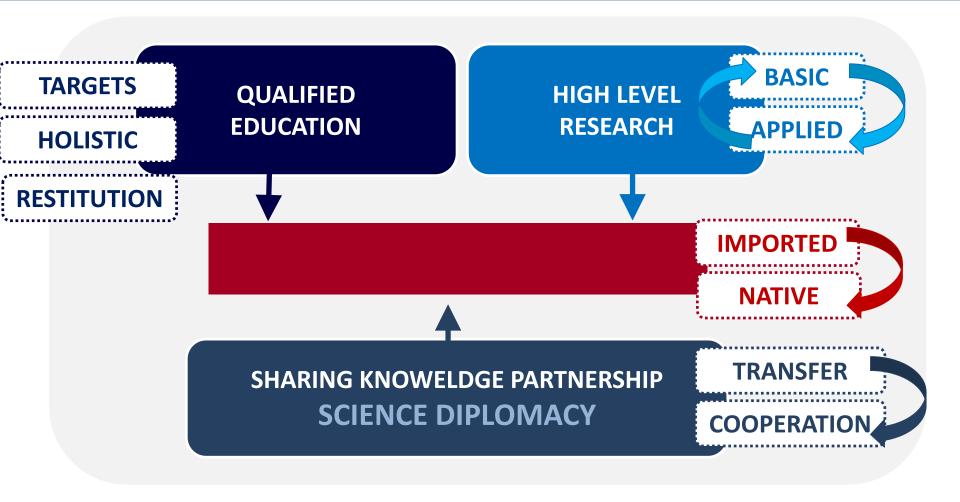
SEAR Special Report, 2017: The Power of human Capital, the World Bank

...beyond delivering «training hours»

Win-Win strategy for local communities and private investors And an essential element for long term sustainability

"We don't know who discovered water, but we're certain it wasn't a fish." - John Culkin

Beyond traditional mission, while preserving science independence!



Thank you for your kind attention!

"The only way to discover the limits of the possible is to go beyond them, entering the impossible"- B.Pascal

